

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application. In the listing below, inserted text is marked with underline, deleted text is marked with ~~strikethrough~~, and changes are identified by a vertical bar in the margin.

Listing of Claims:

1 1-64. (Cancelled).

1 65. (Previously presented) A memory access method comprising:
2 detecting a write operation to a memory including a re-programmable non-volatile

3 memory;

4 if an address of said write operation from a processor logic indicates a first
5 address area of said non-volatile memory, then performing a first write operation of data to said
6 non-volatile memory; and

7 if said address of said write operation from a processor logic indicates a second
8 address area of said non-volatile memory, then performing a second write operation of data to
9 said non-volatile memory according to a write operation speed that is different from the first
10 write operation speed.

1 66. (currently amended) A memory access method, according to claim 65,
2 wherein said first write operation is a fast write operation which is a shorter time
3 than a predetermined time to write said non-volatile memory; and
4 wherein said second write operation is a slow write operation which is executed
5 full of said in accordance with the predetermined time to write said non-volatile memory.

1 67. (currently amended) A memory access method comprising:
2 detecting a write operation to a non-volatile memory;
3 determining an access mode of said non-volatile memory corresponding to a
4 mode register for controlling said non-volatile memory, if said access mode is a first mode, then

5 performing a fast write operation of data to said non-volatile memory, if said access mode is a
6 second mode, then performing a slow write operation of data to said non-volatile memory,
7 if said access mode is a third mode write operation, then:
8 if an address of said non-volatile memory from a processing logic is
9 indicated to a first address area, then said non-volatile memory write operation is
10 executed according to said fast write operation of data,
11 if an address of said non-volatile memory is indicate indicated to a second
12 address area, then said non-volatile memory write operation is executed according to said
13 slow write operation of data; and
14 if said access mode is a fourth mode, then performing a cache write operation of
15 data to a cache memory comprised of a random access memory based on an exception handler
16 routine.

1 68. (Previously presented) A memory access method, according to claim 67,
2 wherein if a cache line of said cache memory stores other data in said cache write
3 operation of said data, said other data is written to said non-volatile memory and said data is
4 written to said cache line of said cache memory.

1 69. (Previously presented) A memory access method, according to claim 67,
2 wherein said mode register is indicated access mode for said non-volatile
3 memory.

1 70. (Previously presented) A memory access method, according to claim 68,
2 wherein said slow write operation has a predetermined write time to said non-
3 volatile memory; and
4 wherein said fast write operation has a write time shorter than said predetermined
5 time of said slow write time.

1 71. (Previously presented) A memory access method, according to claim 67,

2 wherein said first address area and said second address area is indicated in a
3 register.

1 72. (Previously presented) A memory access method according to claim 65,
2 wherein detecting a write operation to the re-programmable non-volatile memory is based on
3 identifying the write operation as directed to a predetermined address space that corresponds to
4 the re-programmable non-volatile memory.

1 73. (currently amended) A data processing unit comprising:
2 memory, including a re-programmable non-volatile memory; and
3 control logic configured for detecting a write operation to the memory and for
4 performing said write operation according to an operation mode in which the control logic
5 determines if an address of said write operation from a processor logic indicates a first address
6 area of said non-volatile memory and performs a first write operation of data to said non-volatile
7 memory, and if said address of said write operation from a processor logic indicates a second
8 address area of said non-volatile memory, then performs a second write operation of data to said
9 non-volatile memory;

10 wherein the first write operation is performed at a write operation speed that is
11 different from the second write operation speed.

1 74. (Previously presented) A data processing unit according to claim 73,
2 wherein the control logic detects a write operation to the re-programmable non-volatile memory
3 by identifying the write operation as directed to a predetermined address space that corresponds
4 to the re-programmable non-volatile memory.

1 75. (new) A data processing unit according to claim 73, wherein the first
2 write operation is a fast write operation and the second write operation is a slow write operation.

1 76. (new) A data processing unit comprising:

2 memory that includes re-programmable non-volatile memory into which data is
3 written; and
4 control logic configured for detecting a write operation to the memory and for
5 performing the write operation to a first address area of the non-volatile memory at a first write
6 operation speed if an address of the write operation indicates a first memory area of the memory
7 and for performing the write operation to a second address area of the non-volatile memory at a
8 second write operation speed if an address of the write operation indicates a second memory area
9 of the memory, wherein the first write operation speed is different from the second write
10 operation speed.

1 77. (new) A data processing unit according to claim 76, wherein said first
2 write operation is a fast write operation that is a shorter time than a predetermined time to write
3 said non-volatile memory; and wherein said second write operation is a slow write operation
4 which is executed in accordance with the predetermined time to write said non-volatile memory.